

THE YOUNG ZIONIST

AUGUST-SEP, 1964 ELLUL 5724



ORGAN OF THE FEDERATION OF ZIONIST YOUTH

EDITOR: JEFFREY J. BAYES, LL.B.

EDITORIAL

Rosh Hashanah is a time for contemplation of what has preceded during the past year and what the future holds. Undoubtedly within the ranks of the Federation of Zionist Youth such thoughts are becoming increasingly prevalent, particularly regarding the year ahead.

Ideologically the lack of direction that has been the pathway trodden over the years is being re-routed towards a new and, it is to be hoped, a more positive outlook. This remoulding can only be effectively brought about by a combination of some imaginative thinking and the wholehearted co-operation at all levels throughout the Federation. Anything less would mean failure and a denial of the responsibilities of a young Zionist organisation such as ours, within which so much can, and should, be done.

"Togetherness" is a pleasing thought at this time of the year. It is said that old feuds should be put aside and the axe well and truly buried. Rumour has it that attempts are being made, within the auspices of the Zionist Federation, to bring about a meeting of all Zionist Youth movements, and an even wider range if possible. The Federation of Zionist Youth has always attempted to keep itself apart from the petty, puerile and valueless inter-movement wrangling. It is indeed none too soon that steps should be taken to bring together these various organisations so that a greater awareness can exist amongst them that they are far more like each other than they would believe, and that the so-called differences are neither as real nor as all-important as many would have Anglo-Jewry believe. Surely the ultimate goal is the only item of real importance and, as Zionist organisations, this end is axiomatic?

It is to be hoped that the coming year will see the growth in every conceivable way of the Federation of Zionist Youth to a position of strength; strength not only numerical but in the quality of its efforts and achievements.

PROJECT NEWS

ARGET-£4,000

Rav, the children on the left, the walk to the Kindergarten in Eilat has been of F.Z.Y. So the caption will read soon, st work to raise the £4,000 to finance equipping of the Kindergarten.

ons such as parties, dances and film shows d in aid of the project and need your

art of the money will come from the and Ball next January 31st, 1965, at the ueting Rooms, Kilburn. Please tell your ends now that they will be expected to and commence saving for the tickets,

er and Ball to be a success your help is e three fund-raisers below.



Dav and Rav
The Symbol of the Project:

ANNUAL DINNER and BALL CAMPAIGN BEGINS!

MBOLA

r and Ball gifts worth will be available on two The gifts will have to you asking your relatives shopkeepers.

1 buy toys for Dav and

DUR GIFTS to: hn Simon, anbrook Road, ord, Essex.

RAFFLE

The Prizes are being gathered for what promises to be the biggest raffle held in F.Z.Y.

Will you spend one hour a week selling a book of tickets? Your help can buy books for Dav and Rav.

RAFFLE BOOKS from:

Vernon Epstein, 33 Brookdale, N.11. ENT 3051

BROCHURE

A 40-page Brochure will be produced in honour of the Annual Dinner and Ball. Advertisers must be contacted now for its success. Your relatives and friends will want to have their names or businesses associated with F.Z.Y.'s project.

Simply take an order pamphlet and ask them to complete it. Your help can educate Day and Ray.

ORDER FORMS from:

Vernon Epstein, 33 Brookdale, N.11. ENT 3051

TARGET £750

TARGET £500

GET £500

AL 9088

SRAEL'S FARMERS LOOK TO THE

re expansion of agriculture teen years since the revival dependence has been one try's outstanding achieve-hundred and eighty new been set up, and output e than fivefold. During the s there has been a lull in nent of new settlements, is continued to rise. In the here will be a new advance ment. A number of areas ited or sparsely populated

oped, and preparations are

to add some sixty more

olidating the New Settlements

ie map of Israel.

e first few years after the of Israel's independence, shortage of most types of produce, and strict ratione enforced. Today produce carefully regulated to preses. A vitally important transformation has been e new settlements, most of 1 by new immigrants who d a hoe or a spade before to the soil in the ancient land.

villages, with their 33,000 rilies, today account for account for lift the country's agricultural on the point of view of and means of production. e 43% of the total agricultural of the Jewish sector, and ranches even more: 54%, 58% of the fodder, and industrial crops. When they the land, water, irrigation etc., provided for in the le Jewish Agency's Land Department, their output to fifty per cent of the



One of the main reasons for the lag in the development of the new villages has been the shortage of water. Very soon, however, the National Water Carrier, which will bring to the arid South the water that has been running to waste in the North, will go into operation, and it will be possible to speed up their consolidation.



Output Continues to Rise

Despite the lull in the establishment of new settlements, agricultural output has risen in recent years by some 8-10% per annum. In certain branches the increase has been even more pronounced: beef production went up last year by 20% (since the establishment of the State it has increased no less than 13-fold); 16% more milk was marketed; and fruit sold was 50% over the quantity for the previous year.

The value of agricultural exports has also risen steadily. Last year the value of fresh agricultural produce exported was about \$70 million—about 30% of total exports. Agriculture, therefore, occupies a leading place in Israel's economy and makes an important contribution to the improvement of the country's balance of payments.

Plans for the Future

The summer of 1964 will witness the implementation of the first stage of the National Water Carrier. The remaining stages will be completed within the following three years.) As a result, Israel's water potential will rise from 1,300 million cubic metres per annum, at present, to 1,500 million in 1968. At the same time, preparations have started for the desalination of water on a commercial scale. In the near future it will thus be possible for the areas under irrigation to be considerably expanded, particularly in the arid Negev, to which the water will be pumped from Lake Kinneret (the Sea of Galilee).

The irrigation of new areas in the Negev, particularly in the Western part, known as the Besor Region, will make it possible to establish new branches for export. Experiments have shown that this area is particularly suited for growing off-season vegetables, such as 'tomatoes and potatoes, and certain types of citrus fruit, such as oranges and lemons. This produce can be marketed in Western Europe and Britain, particularly during winter and early spring, when it fetches high prices. In addition, local consumption is bound to rise, owing to the expected growth in population during the coming decade from 2.4 million to 3.3 million. If we also take into account the envisaged increase in per capita food consumption, Israel is likely to need almost 50% more food during the coming decade.

The development will concentrate in two main regions—Galilee and the Besor Region in the Western Negev.

Developing Galilee

During the next seven years nine villages, consisting of about 650 farming families, will be set up. In addition, another three or four rural centres are to be built to provide educational, health and other services for the new settlements and the Arab and Druze villages in the area.

The Besor Region

Owing to lack of water, the Besor Region is at present entirely uninhabited, although it contains considerable areas of good agricultural land. When the National Water Carrier is put into full operation, work can commence on the settlement of the region. Plans envisage the establishment of about 25 settlements, consisting of 2000 agricultural units, within the next eight years. These settlements will grow, mainly for



JRE

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her Areas

lso to be established in the country. Five settleted within the coming that Arava, which stretches the Dead Sea to the tracel at the Sea Sea port



settlements are to be ne full exploitation of urces. Here, too, conble for the growing of , table grapes, melons, The first of these five fit, was founded in the 53.

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t may be said that the al settlement in the past en temporary. Once the schemes are put into the population increases, work will be carried hitherto desert regions, of the the country's ecoincreased production, export.

ISRAEL

LOREN, FINCH & PREVOST TO FILM IN ISRAEL

Sophia Loren, the famous Italian actress, who will star in the new film of Israeli life "Judith", was welcomed by a crowd of enthusiastic fans on her arrival at Lod (Lydda) airport, on July 28th. Miss Loren told reporters that she would start her ten-week stay with a visit to a kibbutz, to get a feeling of the atmosphere before embarking on her new role.

Co-starring with her in the Paramount International \$4 million production are Peter Finch—who arrived one day earlier—and Jack Hawkins.

"No Boycot"-Loren

Asked by reporters whether her delayed arrival was due to Arab boycott threats, she replied: "I have never heard of it." She did not fear any boycott, she said.

Peter Finch told journalists that he had warm memories of leave in Tel Aviv in 1942, when he was stationed in the country as an Australian soldier. He declared that if making a film in Israel meant that his pictures would be banned in Cairo, he was ready to take the risk.

Françoise Prevost, the French film star who appeared together with Sophia Loren in "Les Séquestrés d'Altona", has arrived to star in a French-Israel coproduction on the Holocaust, entitled "The Glass Cage". The film is to be shot in Ashdod, Lydda, Arad, Jerusalem and Tel Aviv by the Sitrey Noy Company.

The plot concerns the survivor of a German camp who settles in Israel with his much younger Christian wife and wants to testify in court at the Eichmann trial.

ISRAEL TO TRANSFER AREA TO JORDAN

An area of about 1,500 square metres in the Beit Safafa area near Jerusalem is to be transferred by Israel to the Jordan Kingdom. This is being done after a survey, which was carried out by Israel with the co-operation of the UN authorities for the purpose of erecting a fence, has established that the area really belongs to Jordan. There are five buildings in the area, inhabited by six Arab families.

Rectifications of the Armistice Lines have been carried on continuously since 1949. Israel has always made every effort to have the border accurately marked on the ground and to have fences erected at trouble spots, so as to enable the civilian population to cultivate their fields right up to the border.

Surveys for this purpose have been conducted by Israel alone, with the cooperation of the UN Observers, as Jordan apparently did not wish to be accused of recognising the Armistice Lines. At the same time, she gave silent consent to these operations and kept a close watch on them.

A temporary fence was set up in Beit Safafa, where the border passes through an Arab village, in 1949, and it has now been decided to mark the Line more accurately, to prevent incidents and clarify the status of the Arabs concerned, who hold Israeli identity cards but have been paying rent and taxes to the Jordanian authorities for their houses.

They have now been given the opportunity to decide to which country they wish to belong. Four families have moved to other accommodation in Israel, while two have elected to remain in the area and give up their Israeli citizenship.

Negotiations on the necessary arrangements, through the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission, have not yet been completed.

DJOURNS FOR SUMMER RECESS

, Israel's Parliament, session with the final Inheritance Tax Law large dwellings. This is set, elected on August er a two-month summer set will open its fourth prior to the next parlias on October.

Mr. Kadish Luz, the Speaker, noted that 73 new laws had been passed during the session. In three years the Fifth Knesset had passed 200 laws, and its committees had held 495 meetings. Among the bills approved at the last session, nine had been private bills submitted by individual Knesset members. Among the most important laws passed,

said Mr. Luz, were: the Basic Law of the President of the State; the Inheritance Tax law, the Civil Defence Law and the Military Jurisdiction Law.

During the past session, 59 private bills had been presented to the Knesset, and 14 had been passed on to the Knesset Committees. Knesset members had submitted 640 parliamentary questions and 109 motions for the agenda.

LETTER from LYNN

July YOUNG ZIONIST it was mentioned that it seemed that Lynn Krist had stopped writing poems—the answer obviously is that she has started writing letters

have wondered after all this ever happened to a certain d Lynn Krist. I really must or the enormous delay in ou—I really have no excuse. hope this letter is not too

ng on an Ulpan on Kibbutz ichael, which is situated beand Tel Aviv. Between my 1e sea are just fish ponds and swim, one has only a five c. The kibbutz was founded youth group about 16 years en the idea first materialised ssible for them to obtain this pot for the kibbutz. Origiand was marsh and swamp, one example of the enormous has been done here. To our e Caesarea and to the right , also quite near are various es and Ma'ayan Zvi, where (David Samuels) is taking his convalescence.

kens on Horseback?

utz has 650 people of whom ne Ulpan. (We have 200 odd a than Ma'ayan Zvi, and it is two years' time we will even m in numbers.) The Ulpan we is used mainly for new whose necessity is to learn y. However, we have many b. I don't class myself as a m afraid to say—this is pro-i'.'s training.

The kibbutz produces any number of things and I am always finding out about something new. We have cotton, subtropical fruit, avocado pears, carp, potatoes, sugar, plastic products (in the factory). We have 15,000 chickens and many cattle and oxen too. These are rounded up on horseback and the process is extremely pleasant to watch. Also on the kibbutz is a museum, and an island off the coast acts as a bird sanctuary. This island also acts as a trap for Roman and other historical objects carried up along the coast by sea currents.

Wife-Hunting on Kibbutz

To live on the Ulpan, however, is not to live on the kibbutz, and one gains the label "Ulpanist". I myself am seriously thinking of leaving the Ulpan and working on the kibbutz proper for the rest of my stay—I should know this week if it is possible.

I don't know what kind of illusions I really had when I arrived here—"none" I thought at the time—but I have found here many things which have delighted and many which have disappointed me. One thing in particular which had never entered my head really, although I had spoken about it superficially enough, was the fact that although all the people here are Jewish, they are not all the same—that is that having Judaism in common doesn't make many of them any the more civilised. Also something else that has rather dis-

turbed me is the fact that so few of the people (immigrants) I have met are Zionists. The sabras—yes—I have yet to meet a finer race of people or one more proud—in fact I take pride in being Jewish much more now that I know these people.

On our kibbutz we have a whole group of young men between the ages of 20-26 who are looking for wives. This is very hard for them, since they have very little choice. They can have someone from the kibbutz, or perhaps from the Ulpan-vary rarely do they visit towns although they have relations all over Israel. Often the story will be that their parents were immigrants and were unable to support the children on entering the land—so they sent them to kibbutzim. Mind you, the life here is the most perfect I can think of for children; however, I wonder if it is a good thing that they know so little about the outside world before the age of 18 when they enter the army.

Please Write to Me

I don't know quite what else I can tell at the moment. My hand is hurting now because I have a septic part on it from weeding cotton and I can't hold the pen any longer.

I would appreciate a reply if someone has a few minutes.

Best regards,

LYNN KRIST.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

On MONDAY, 31st AUGUST, F.Z.Y. left the Offices at 77 Great Russell Street. Our new Office is now at:

REX HOUSE, 4/12 REGENT STREET, LONDON, S.W.1.

Telephone: WHItehall 5152

(Please note that all correspondence for F.Z.Y. should be addressed to us c/o the above address.

AFRICA

HOMEY

ELCOMES P.M.

rts to work for brotherand justice among the bledged by the Viceime Minister of Dahoin Ahomadegbe, and inister Abba Eban in a se issued last month at five-day official visit to homean Premier.

que stressed the mutual oth countries with the of their co-operation in culture, youth education

Both leaders regretted ristence of racial discriworld and expressed the oples of Africa still subrule, especially in the scontrolled by Portugal of South Africa, would ependence.

inister of Dahomey excern at the tens on prein parts of the world, ne Middle East, as a to world peace.

ique concluded with an to the Prime Minister Dahomey.

dinner for the visitors, Eban recalled a recent visitor in which, after the similarity of the probtomey and Israel, he had beople in the following

tly demand of you the sustained the Jews, who n years have turned a ead Sea into a country miration of the whole

indeed moving words," ban. "They are a testilence, which encourages our efforts to be worthy y. We shall be pleased, to give our modest assisstruggle for well-being, tomic progress, in which Dahomey are so valiantly

ent time, many Israeli exng in Dahomey in close ith the local authorities, culture, education, youth

ZANZIBAR

50 ISRAELI SCHOLARSHIPS

The cordial relations between Israel and Zanzibar are a considerable tribute to Israel's constructive diplomacy on the African continent, Mr. Ali Mwingogo, Junior Minister in the Government of Zanzibar, said on his arrival at the head of a three-man delegation for a three-week visit: "I have come to strengthen relations that existed before we established our independence," he added.

A memorandum on technical cooperation between the two countries was signed by Mr. Ali Mwingogo and the Director of the International Cooperation Department in the Foreign Ministry.

The main point of the visit was to decide on the distribution of 50 scholarships given by the Israel Government to Zanzibar.

pioneering and information services. On the other hand, many Dahomean students are presently staying in Israel to specialise in these fields," Mr. Eban

specialise in these fields," Mr. Eban On the following day, Mr. Ahomadegbe and his party visited agricultural settlements, in one of which he met African students participating in a course in agriculture.

Mr. Ahomadegbe and his party also visited the Christian Holy Places, development areas and installations of the National Water Carrier in the north.

Mr. Ahomadegbe was particularly moved by his visit to Nazareth. "I was impressed," he said, "by the superhuman effort of the Israeli people, also in this part of their country, Galilee. But as a believer and faithful Catholic, I am deeply moved by my visit to this place, the home of Jesus' family. And I have learnt from this visit more than from all my studies in the holy books in my youth.

"I was particularly impressed by the co-operation and peaceful co-existence of Jews and Arabs, Christians and Moslems, and today I understand why the message of love to the whole world emanated from this place—Nazareth in Galilee. May the world leaders in other parts of the globe learn a lesson from this and take Jewish-Arab co-operation as an example for the solution of other regional problems."

MALAWI

INDEPENDENCE CELEBRATED
IN JERUSALEM

The achievement of independence by Malawi (Nyasaland) was marked by messages from Israeli leaders and celebrations in Israel. Mr. A. Eban, the acting Premier, sent a cable of congratulations to Dr. Hastings Banda, Prime Minister of Malawi, on July 3, and Mrs. Golda Meir, the Foreign Minister, broadcast a message over Malawi radio.

"To us in Israel, who have only recently been able to re-establish and consolidate our national independence in our ancient homeland after thousands of years of dispersion, persecution and discrimination, it is a source of particular satisfaction to see the Malawi people join the ranks of the free and sovereign nations of Africa," she said.

The red, green and black flag of Malawi was raised in Jerusalem at midnight on July 5, at a gala celebration attended by hundreds of African trainees in Israel.

To mark Malawi independence day, the Jewish National Fund dedicated the new Africa Forest near Tarum in the Judean foothills, on July 6.

A garden party marking Malawi's in dependence was given by the Hadassah Medical Organisation at the Medical Centre in Jerusalem. Thirteen Malawi nursing students, in the first year of their three-year course at the Hadassah Nursing School, received the guests.

WANTED!

Your Contribution to the Young Zionist

Contributions for the October issue should be sent to The Editor, c/o 4/12 Regent Street, S.W.1, not later than 14th September.

RAEL'S PROGRAMME OF INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

MAX ROSENFELD

ears of statehood, Israel to develop to a point erts are being sent abroad with other developing the same time Israel has ing centre for people from intries.

therefore evolved a prochnical co-operation, prowo-way traffic of mutual organised by the Departrnational Co-operation in or Foreign Affairs.

el is co-operating in the rojects of over 70 coun-, Asia, the Mediterranean terica.

Sierra Leone

one, Israeli experts helped ses of Parliament in Freerd time. New building labled the Israeli-Sierra am to complete construcmonths.

eliminary survey, Israeli s opened an eye clinic Liberia. In 18 months 000 patients were treated simultaneously, a Liberian urses came to Israel for ining. It is planned that the Liberian staff will be the clinic and train local asing the Israeli team for ere.

Burma

Dry Zone of Namsang, an project of settlement and s at present making proliture possible. For this rmese Army veterans and were trained for a year in trative settlements, while eli experts in soil conserrigation prepared detailed levelopment plans for the nen the Burmese returned they introduced, together this team, new crops based and mixed farming.

en needed in newly indentries is a pioneering well as specific know-how, perts are able to impart ork with a sense of misretant factor for success in this kind of endeavour. Their advice is effective because often they have just put the finishing touches on a similar project at home. They are experienced in working with very limited resources, depending largely on ingenuity and flexibility.

Police and Poultry

Besides sending experts abroad, Israel also accommodates more than 1,500 students annually in its various educational and professional institutions, making many parts of Israel a training ground for other developing countries. Over 80 courses are being given this year, ranging from a fourmonth course in poultry husbandry to those lasting several years in medicine and engineering. There are, for example, programmes for police officers, municipal officials, rural community development workers, kindergarten teachers and fishermen.

Israeli experience in mobilising the youth for national service and citizenship is particularly relevant to other new countries. GADNA (Youth Corps) within the educational network, and NAHAL (Pioneer Youth) units in the army provide training in agriculture and technical skills, and form the nucleus of pioneer settlements in border and desert regions.

Many often come for specially organised individual training in a wide range of fields, such as banking, journalism, social work, canning, hotel management, nautical trades and education. Students observe how Israel tackles problems that have to be met in their own countries as well: the unification of diverse communities into a single nation, the establishment of a common language, the building of a national culture from divergent elements.

From its own experience of teaching immigrants from over 70 countries and of different backgrounds and levels of education, Israel has developed methods of conducting intensive courses for immediate needs.

Capital Needed

To overcome her lack of resources and limited manpower, Israel has had to rely on new approaches to development problems. One of the major needs in a new country is capital resources. Private enterprise alone cannot meet the need, nor can it be expected to consider long-range national welfare instead of more immediate short-range profits. The participation of the country as a whole is necessary, and yet the liberty of the individual must be safeguarded.

Israel has found that co-operative enterprises, complementing private initiative, can effectively mobilise wide resources while safeguarding the interests of the average man.

Co-operative forms of agriculture, such as the kibbutz and moshav have been able to transform the most inhospitable terrain into flourishing farmland. While these settlements may not be exactly appropriate to conditions elsewhere, the principles of co-operation on which they are founded have captured the imagination of other new countries, which have adapted the Israeli models to their own local needs.

Co-operative principles also underlie much of Israel's industrial development. Histadrut enterprises, like the Solel Boneh contracting organisation and the Mekorot Water Company, channel the energies and initiative of the country's trade unionists. Today these enterprises have joined with the governments of other developing countries in building and construction, the operation of public utilities, irrigation projects and management of hotels and transportation facilities.

Joint Stock Company

Another method of co-operation and training is the formation of a joint stock company with Israel and a developing country as partners. The usual pattern is for Israel to hold 40 per cent of the share capital. The partner, who provides the rest, decides for himself at what point to take over complete ownership and operation of the company.

Meanwhile, there is on-the-job training for the company's personnel abroad, while selected students are sent to Israel for training, which sometimes entails special study at the University of Institute of Technology.

Israel's programme of co-operation, undertaken in a spirit of equality and friendship, has given the country a greater sense of community feeling among the nations of the world.

ROFILES by JACK MORRIS

LEON ROSEN

LONDON VICE-CHAIRMAN



If, at any F.Z.Y. function, you have felt incensed that the balding and bespectacled Chairman was not standing to introduce the speaker, you may rest assured. This was Leon Rosen, Vice-Chairman of F.Z.Y., and he must have been standing or else he would not have been visible at all.

Leon was born on 6th June, 1939, in Stepney, an area well known for its sordid connections. In this area Leon grew up not upwards and to this day he can only get into 'A' films if accompanied by a tall sultry blonde, which is why he watches TV so often.

Moving south, Leon came to Streatham where he was classed Educationally Sub-normal and sent to Battersea Grammar Approved School. In June 1961 he confirmed his educational rating by joining S.O.T. After that there was no holding him mainly because nobody wanted to. At S.O.T. he has held the

positions of Treasurer and of Vice-Chairman, and during his last two years he has held these same positions on the Mazkirut.

Leon works for J.P.A. which is surprising because he does not appeal to many people—well, Manchester girls have strange taste anyway! Apart from collecting for Joint Palestine Appeal, Leon has also tried Sex-Appeal but so far he has collected nothing in this field.

What little time Leon has available is spent hitch-hiking north and in sporting activities. His second favourite sports are football, cricket, golf and tennis, one of which he will be playing depending on whether it is summer and whether his mother has washed his flannels. His ambitions are to raise £10000000 for J.P.A., £10000000 for L.G.R. and to try and convince somebody that Johnny Simons is someone else's cousin.

NORMA SHERBOURNE

ORGANISING SECRETARY

have often been exasto hang on to an overe while waiting for up the end frantically LY. Office. "Still," you ought, "at least F.Z.Y. sation, run off its feet ive a slight delay from y." Actually the busy obably two feet from stening to the latest ind cursing the inter-Again, when you are es for the delay in the ation or printing, pert realise the reason for 1 the fact that the Sec-"chatted up" by a 1 Manchester the pre-

of F.Z.Y. is, of course, ne — "Our Norm" to Perhaps when one reefinition of norm is ", one can account for the abbreviation.

Y.'s own Sabra, born of old Carmel! One ly analogy at once, but Sabras are supposed to be sweet on the inside . . .!! Norma went to various schools in Israel and got on very well. In fact she did not want to leave, but when her family moved to England to become Zionists, she found the journey too much for her, especially as she did not like travelling on the Zim School Boat. Once in England she attended schools in Ilford, Leeds, Stamford Hill and — horror of horrors! — South London.

Progressing educationally, Norma went on to the Skinners' Company's School for Girls where she obtained a G.C.E. Certificate for passes in five subjects (The Headmistress made her return the certificate to its rightful owner, later!) Further academic feats include a qualification in shorthand at 80 words per minute and in driving at 25 miles per hour.

February 1960 was a date of particular importance in Norma's life when she began, as she puts it so beautifully, "a life of dedication to this 'ere Organisation". The result of the dedication has meant fruitful business for the London & Manchester Assurance Company; a

repeat performance she hopes to obtain soon through the activity (!) of the London Vice-Chairman.

Norma's ambition is to find a mansion for £1500. At present she is busy looking. Can you wonder there is nobody in the F.Z.Y. Office available to answer urgent telephone calls?



IDENT'S PAGE

F. TO AFFILIATE TO ZIONIST FEDERATION?

STRENGTHENING OF ZIONIST TIES SOUGHT

sm in Gt. Britain needs is ection of people who are work. What it has is a peech-makers who have so same clichés over a numthat they are now making each other because the large is too bored to listen. believe me? Well, ask anyte me, has spent the last ing and trying to work in stic atmosphere of total leadership remains the same few taking it in turn ary Officers rather like a Once elected an Hon.

Once elected an Hon. eed have no fear of being uture Conferences — why I boys" of the Hon. Offilsoon co-opt you. Indeed so when I am amazed that to contest positions such Provincial Vice-Presidents.

proof is that the few really want to work do so I societies because they aste of time even standing of "importance" where the vork consists of listening I few telling the "mass" that should be done if only the to do it.

Executive Council membelieve that they are anyhan a rubber stamp for n elsewhere? How many ficers are even remotely ith their local Zionist ne in an active capacity? se is why there is no; in the higher ranks of ement can achieve.

s the answer? Firstly, we ind to see which organisate, in Anglo-Jewry has tract a mass membership Israel—my definition of m. The answer is simple National Fund. Its leaders well-known men who, by imple of giving not only but also their time, have e numbers of others to do have thus successfully network of Commissions the country. Add to this

the successful experiment of the Younger J.N.F. Commissions — the largest organised Zionist youth movement in the country—and you will see clearly the difference between a vibrant organised group and an amorphous mass; which one is the Z.F., I will leave to your judgment.

Having now found our successful organisation on which to pattern the Zionist Federation, what is the next step?

To me the answer is obvious. The J.N.F. should be persuaded to affiliate directly to the Zionist Federation and take its rightful place as the leading Zionist movement in the country. If this were done a new era would be born for Zionism as it would bring together an activist membership who are used to working for Israel who would be able to enthuse with energy and ideas the present membership of the Z.F. who passively suffer the overdose of too much talk and too little else inflicted on them by their leaders.

The J.N.F. once affiliated could bring into the Movement new forces to reorganise thoroughly the Z.F. committees which could thereby be strengthened by people with ideas who on the J.N.F. example would be willing to do a job to the best of their ability. The present Zionist Federation Societies should be closely examined and those who meet only a few times a year should be encouraged to meet regularly and include in their programmes an element of fundraising which is important for reasons other than the sum raised. It will encourage frequent meetings, will get members used to the idea of working together, and, even more important, the Society will feel that it is serving a useful purpose and not just there because an area "ought" to have a Zionist Society.

If you have read this far, perhaps you're saying to yourself, "Ah, yes, but what of today? It could take years for such a policy to come about." Well, this is a chance for F.Z.Y. to show the way and to start influencing the leaders of both organisations in this direction. A start has been made in that the present Chairman of the Younger J.N.F. has

DAVID GLASS

David is one of the most recently promoted Vice-Presidents. Chairman of the Movement in 1960 and 1961, he gained a reputation for his boldness in putting forward his views. After relinquishing the Chair, he remained in close contact with the movement by marrying Carol Fox, the Organising Secretary. Carol sent the photograph below which shows Amanda Glass, her daughter, at three months. Carol says Amanda is prettier than David, but her inherently Zionist toes show that she will follow in David's FOOTSTEPS!



recently been elected a Vice-President of the Z.F.; F.Z.Y. should be proud of the important role it played in this connection. Let F.Z.Y. now take the initiative again in starting discussion with the Y.J.N.F. on the basis that the two youth organisations begin to prod their elders to effect such an affiliation.

I am convinced that if the Z.F. is not to become as dead as the proverbial dodo, catering only for its own ineffective circle of "old boys", a radical change must take place. The writing is on the wall clear for all to see, and its message must be grasped by the leadership of the F.Z.Y. and implemented before it is too late.

LS

W VICTORY FOR WEST LONDON

ILFORD VALIANT RUNNERS-UP

ISOBEL BRAIDMAN

nis year's F.Z.Y. Interg Competition, held at Room, Great Russell ly, was between Ilford Society, who proposed is House believes that ime Root of Evil", and oung Zionist Society. event in the Movement rell-attended by memrom all parts of Lonte was judged by Mr. Id Mr. Ralph Joseph g was chaired by Mr. Education and Aliyah

was proposed by mald, first speaker for ill-delivered speech, he the attention of his horrifying descriptions ies committed in the ion. He condemned ought about by reli-1 stressed that although ocate the abolition of feel that anything that rors such as those he as a prime root of evil. was then opposed by of West London who slow measured tones, good aspects of reliarity and love for one's These, she believed, far y of the evil results of ed, there were any at so quoted the example t men as Sir Winston believes religion to be od in the world.

aker was **Bryan Walton** cal, brightening speech, nned the hypocrisy of gious practices and the values.

Lastly, Alan Bayes for West London made a spirited speech refuting the arguments of the proposition as irrelevant and illogical. He also stressed that the basic idea of religion was to raise the moral standards of mankind.

The motion was then "thrown open" to the floor. A lively and stimulating discussion ensued, with some speakers expounding the argument that evil lay in mankind rather than with religion and others criticising the validity of the historical facts used by the main speakers.

The debate was concluded with a summing-up by Alan Bayes and then by Douglas MacDonald.

The Judges then presented their comments on the evening's debate. Mr. Donald Silk (speaking on behalf of both Judges) criticised the low standard of debating in this year's final and he also commented on the main speeches. He praised Douglas Mac-Donald's powers of rhetoric but disliked the emphasis placed on horror during the speech. Frances Cohen's speech, although well delivered, was criticised by the Judges for illogicality at certain points. Mr. Silk emphasised the point that although the presentation of speeches was important, this was the final of a debating competition and not a competition in oratory. He also commended the high standard of the floor debate.

Finally he announced the result—and it was a close victory for West London Young Zionist Society. It was, I found, apparent that the two West London speakers had attempted to work as a team and construct a case—the essence of good debating.

Congratulations, West London!

TO THE EDITOR

DR. FOX V. DR. BLOOM

and

DR. FOX V. TANYA POLLARD

The Editor, The Young Zionist. Dear Sir,

Two very interesting letters appeared in the July issue of the "Young Zionist" on which I should like to make a few comments.

Dr. Bloom's memory of F.Z.Y. appears to be growing fainter. F.Z.Y.'s concern is with furthering Zionism amongst the youth of this country and not in helping the community to destroy itself with petty quarrels.

The letter written by Miss Pollard is far more interesting. Her argument that as British citizens our first liability must be to this country would be most persuasive if one accepted her premise that Judaism is a religion only. This is not, however, the case since Judaism could more accurately be described as a subtle blend of race, religions and nationality. Although our nationality has been submerged for nearly two thousand years it has found renewed expression in the State of Israel and it is quite natural that much of our pride and liability should be extended to it. Strangely enough, this position is often better understood and accepted by our non-Jewish fellow citizens than by some parts of the Jewish population itself. Indeed, non-Jews tend to look with some amazement on Jews with British citizenship who feel that they want to turn their backs on any aspect of their Jewish identity whether religious or national; thus we in F.Z.Y. feel that there is no conflict between our duty to this country and to Israel.

ALAN M. FOX.

4th August, 1964.

OVS

kirut members once again head the parade Many F.Z.Y.niks were present at the wedel Cohen (Chairman of the Movement in ith Altman (Central Y.Z.S.). Michael's Lloyd Groves, ex-Y.Z. Editor is now a other and son (Ashley Macallister) are well. It Editor in the news is David Samuels tent to Sonia Unger, also of Ilford Y.Z.S.,

was forecast in last month's Y.Z., and is now confirmed. Ron Savage, who was London Vice-Chairman under the Cohen regime, has obtained his B.Sc. degree at London University and is reported to be searching for Mineral Waters in Essex.

Two recent weddings were those of **Ivor Selby** (former Chairman of Ealing Y.Z.S.) and of **Susan Greenman.** Susan's ceremony in Israel was attended by several of her colleagues from West London Y.Z.S.

ANA TOVA GREETINGS FROM THE CHAVERIM OF F.Z.Y. - 1964-5725

y Bakstansky argaret, Rachel and David Chanan Aichael and Edith Cohen John Corre Morton Creeger Jack Dare Vernon Epstein Alan Fox and Sheila Pollard Malcolm Fox Peter Freedman and Norma Sherbourne Carol and David Glass and Amanda Wally Gold Lloyd, Joy and Ashley Groves Selwyn and Adele Horn ewish Observer and Middle East Review Iph and Bash Joseph k Kahn

ey and Joy Bayes

ld Kushner

Mr. and Mrs. Basil Mann Harold Miller Jean and Martin Morris Jack Morris and Margaret Cohen Barbara Reisman Leon G. Rosen Nina Rosen David Samuels and Sonia Unger Ron Savage and Irene Sheperia Pam Seager Alan Shapiro Mira, Safi and Avraham Shilo Sidney L. Shipton Donald Silk John Simon Alan Simons Willie Wasserberg Eddie Woolfson Robert Young

EALING HAFINJAN

FORTY-EIGHT GROUP

ILFORD HAFINJAN SOCIETY

ILFORD YOUNG ZIONIST SOCIETY

SOUTH-EAST LONDON HAFINJAN SOCIETY

SOUTH-EAST LONDON JEWISH SOCIETY

SOUTHGATE JEWISH SOCIETY

SOUTH of the THAMES JEWISH SOCIETY

WEIZMANN SOCIETY

WEST LONDON YOUNG ZIONIST SOCIETY

GLASGOW HAFINJAN SOCIETY

GLASGOW YOUNG ZIONIST ORGANISATION

NATANYA GROUP